

GYRO simulations of recent JET plasmas

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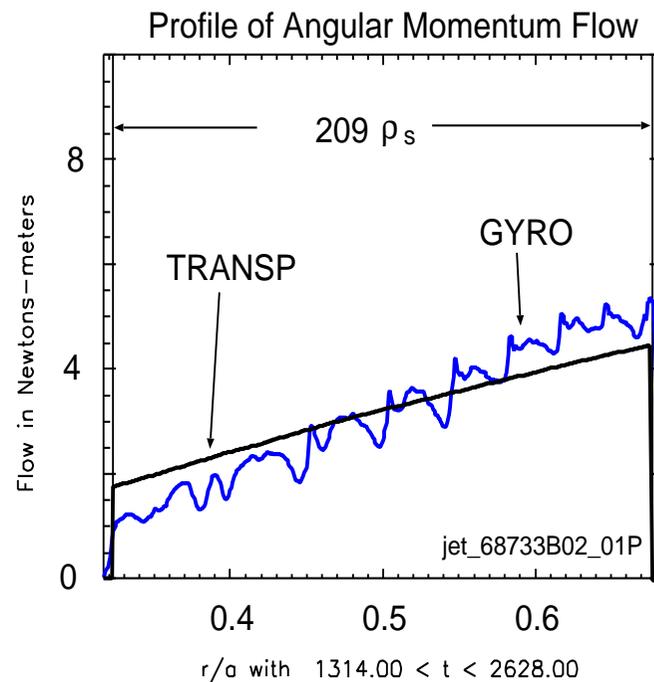
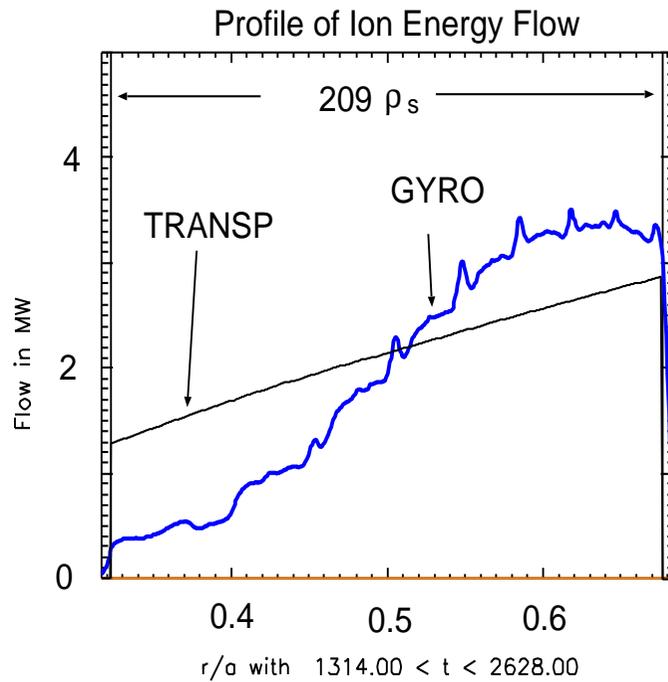
- **Motivation: Increased understanding of transport can help achieve successful fusion power**
- **Gyrokinetic simulations offer the possibility of predicting turbulent-driven energy, momentum, and species transport, and fluctuations**
- **Question: Can gyrokinetic codes predict transport with sufficient accuracy?**
- **This talk discusses GYRO simulations of the first pair of JET plasmas with reflectometry measurements**
 1. **⇒ Approximate agreement with measured energy, momentum, and species flows**
 2. **⇒ Consistency with measured n_e fluctuations and radial correlations**

Methods

- **TRANSP** to extract transport from measurements
- **TRGYRO** to generate GYRO inputs from TRANSP and NCLASS
- **Linear GYRO runs**
 1. scan in $k_{\theta}\rho_s$ (up to about 1.0) for maximum growth rate γ_{lin} and mode frequency ω_{lin}
- **Nonlinear GYRO runs**
 1. kinetic electrons with trapping
 2. two kinetic ion species (main ion and lumped impurities)
 3. electron-ion collisions, but ignore ion-ion collisions
 4. use electrostatic approximation
 5. runs on Seaborg, Jacquard, Phoenix, Kestrel

Agreement with Energy and Angular Momentum Flows

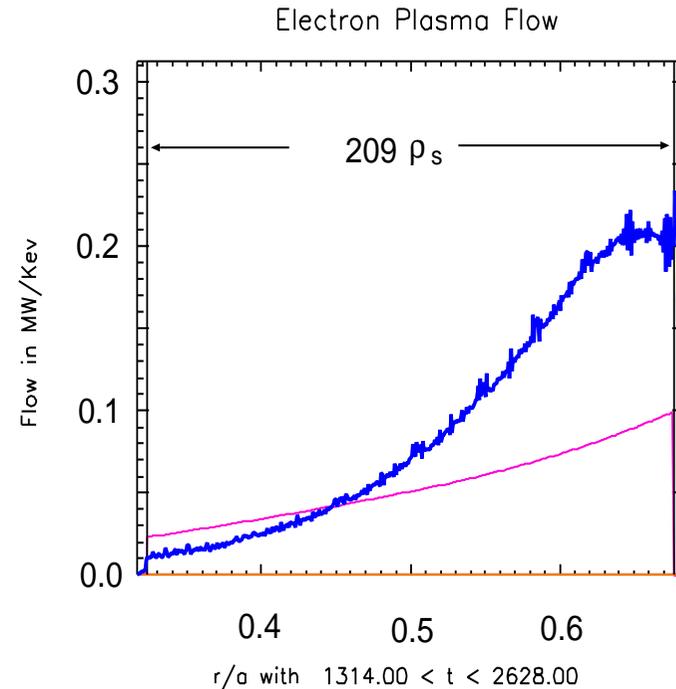
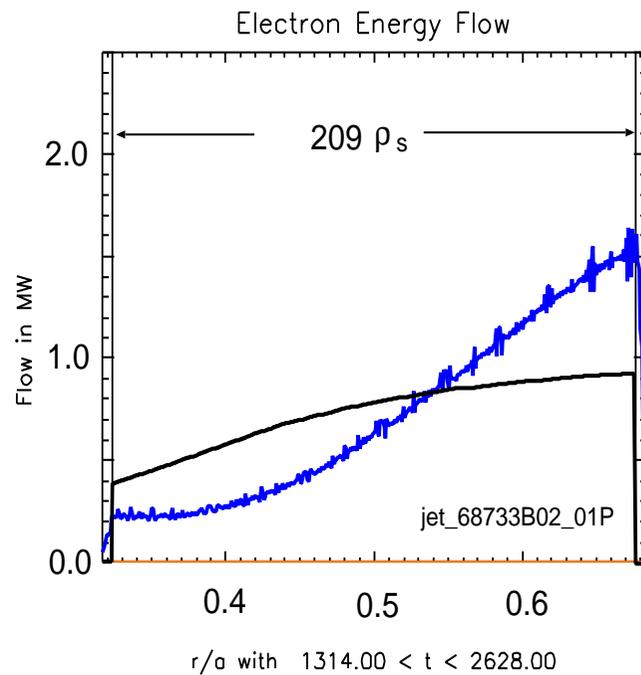
- Can't quantify uncertainties in energy flow (especially with fundamental D-ICRH)



- Comparable agreement for 68734 with $B_T = 3.7T$

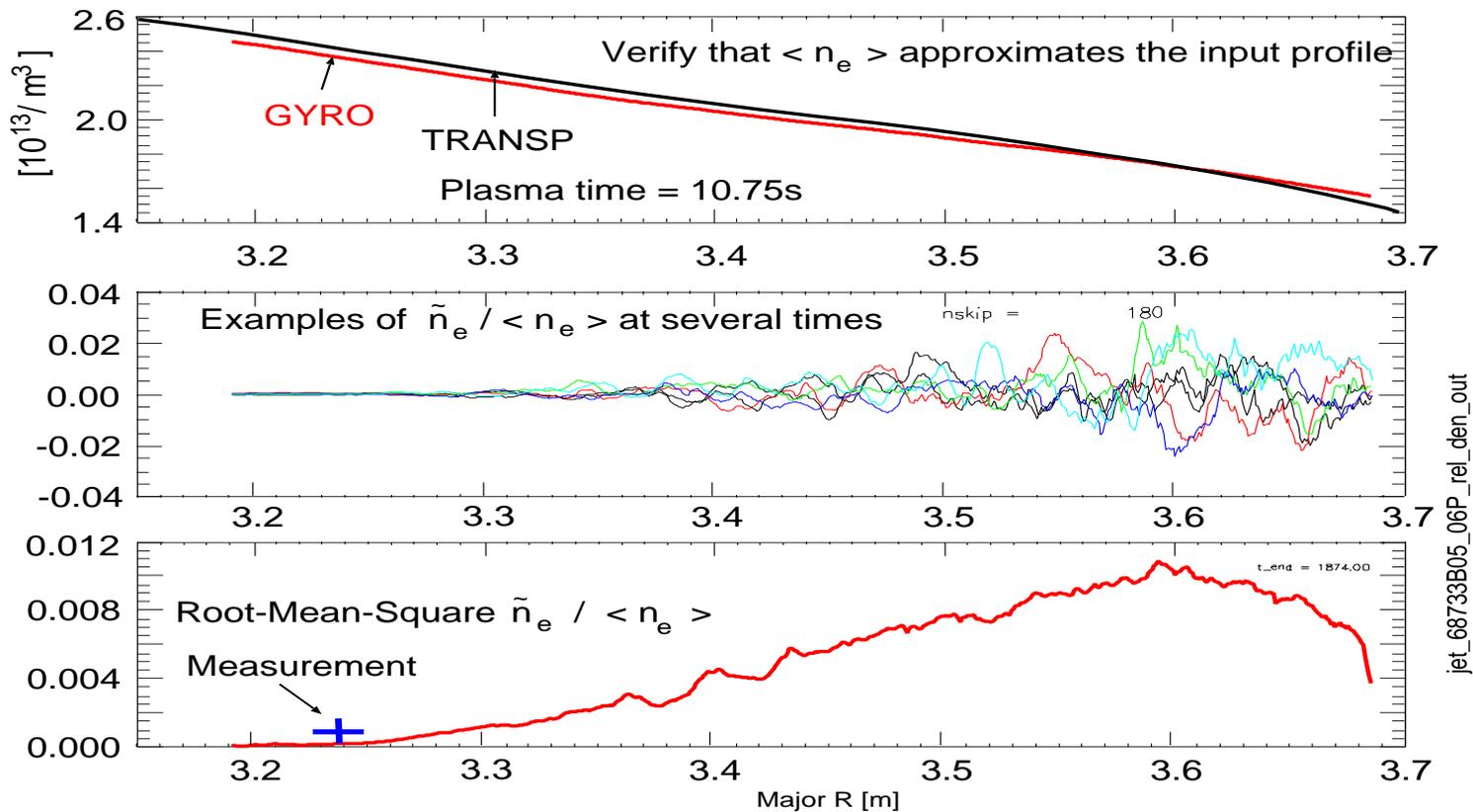
Agreement with Electron energy and species Flows

- TORIC ICRH package in TRANSP predicts centrally-deposited direct el heating



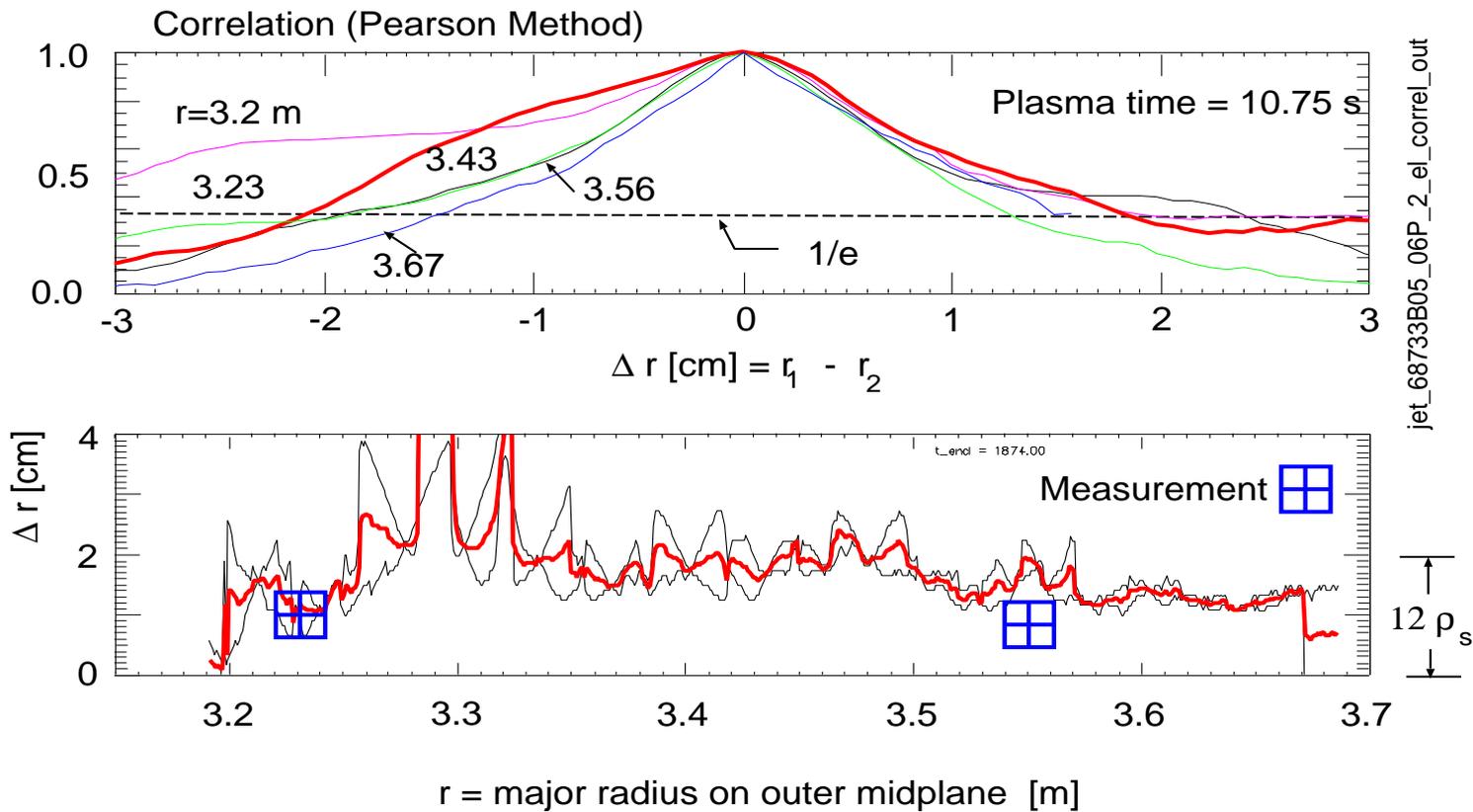
Simulated el fluctuations consistent with reflectometry

- GYRO integrates f_{el} to get n_e in 3D and time
- We use Bravenec's postprocessor to get $n_e(r, \theta, \phi = 0, t)$
- Compute Root-Mean-Square along outer mid-plane ($\theta = 0$)



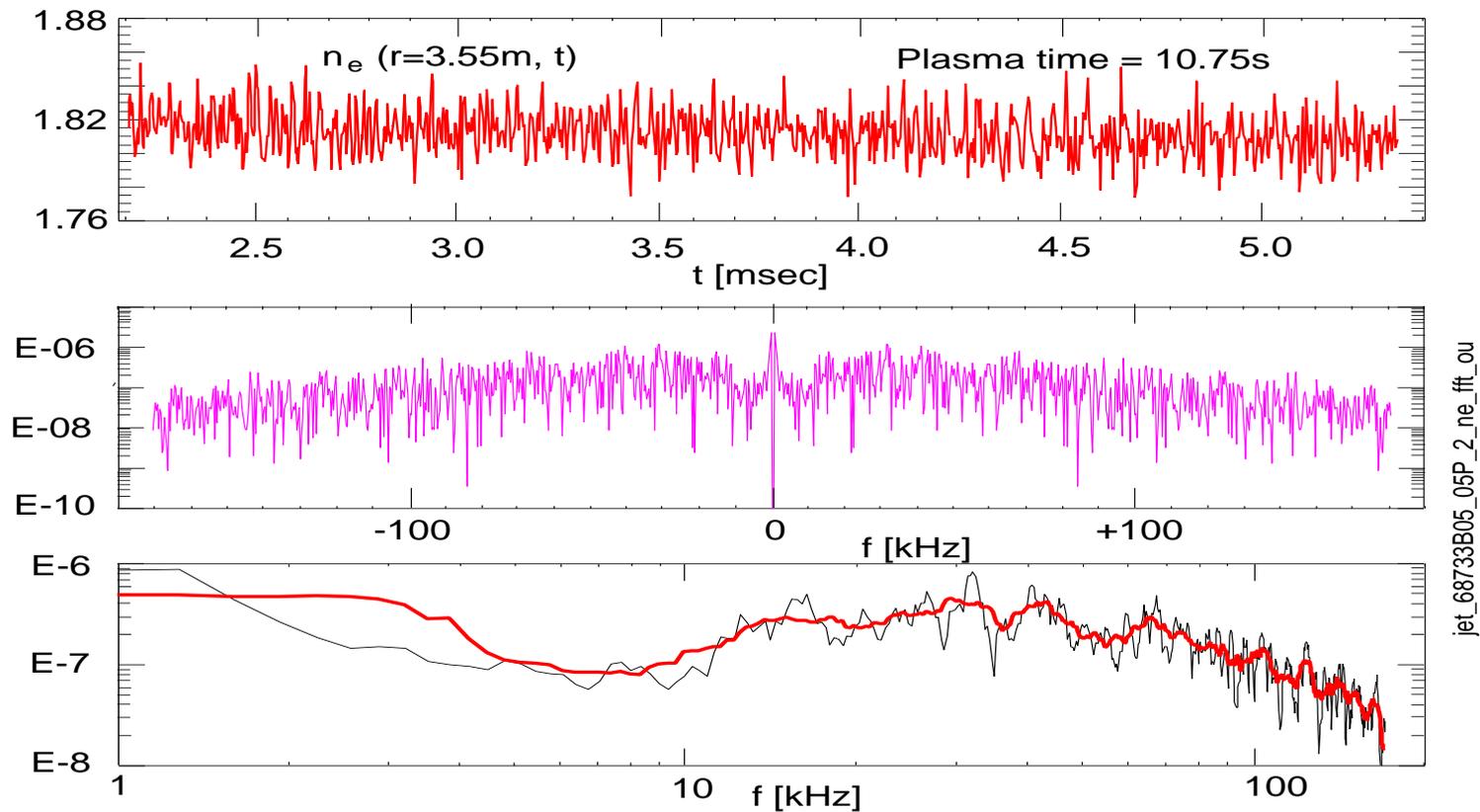
Radial correlation consistent with reflectometry

- Correlation of $n_e(r_1, t)$ and $n_e(r_2, t)$
- Δr defined where correlation decreases below $1/e$



Relatively broad n_e power spectra simulated by GYRO

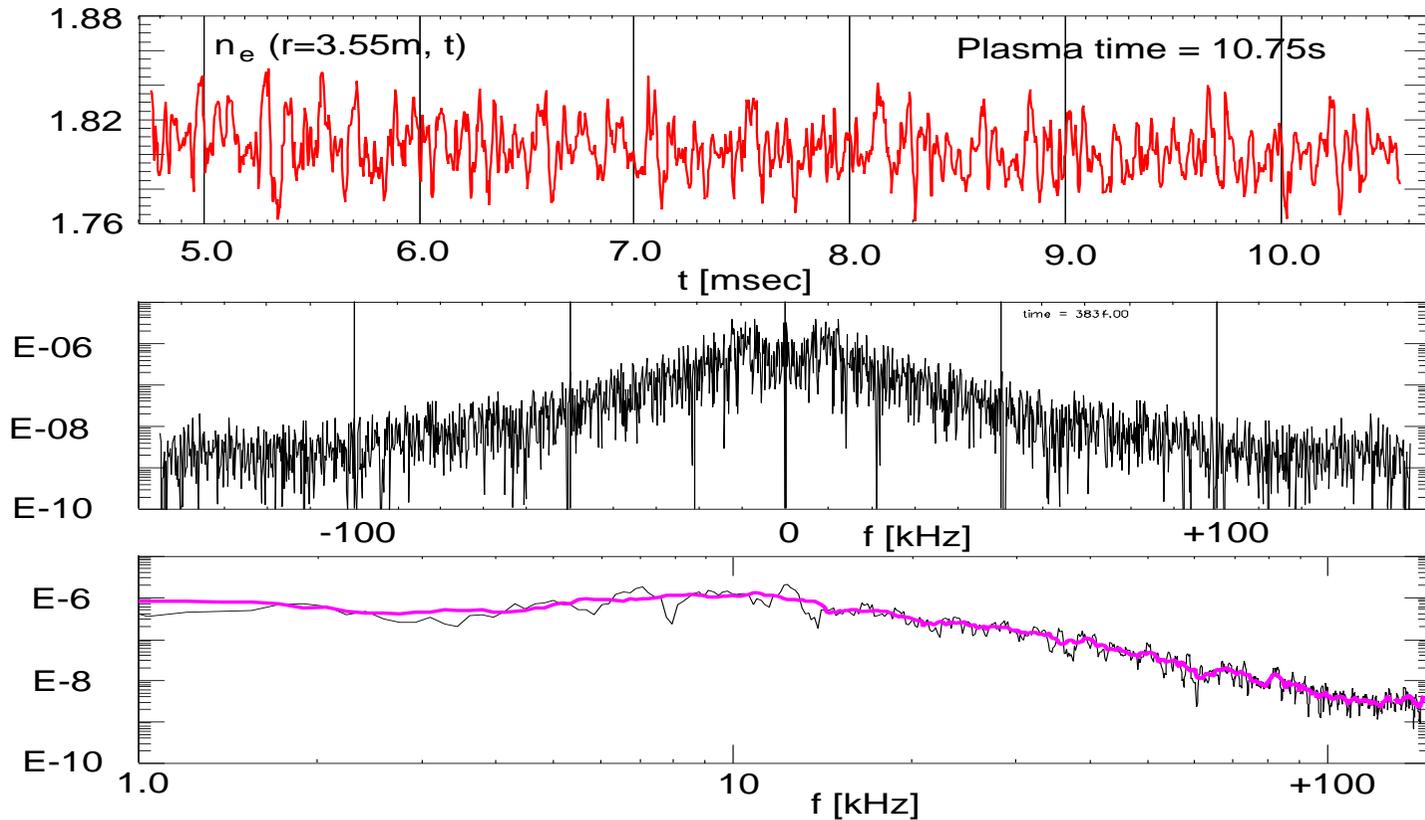
- Fast Fourier transform $n_e(r, t)$



- Baseline rotation rotation was subtracted out in GYRO

More peaked power spectra if $E'_r \rightarrow 0.1E'_r$

- Fast Fourier transform $n_e(r, t)$



- If baseline rotation is added in GYRO, comparison with reflectometry power spectra can indicate value of E'

Discussion and conclusions

- **GYRO simulations of turbulence in two low β_n plasmas are in approximate agreement with measurements:**
 1. energy, angular momentum, and species flows compared with TRANSP
 2. electron density fluctuations compared with reflectometry
- **But simulations depend sensitively on input profiles;**
 1. E_r flow shear
 2. q profile
 3. temperature and densities and their gradients
- **But uncertainties in measurements for comparison/validation**
 1. v_{Pol} contribution to E_r
 2. heating profile
 3. reflectometry