

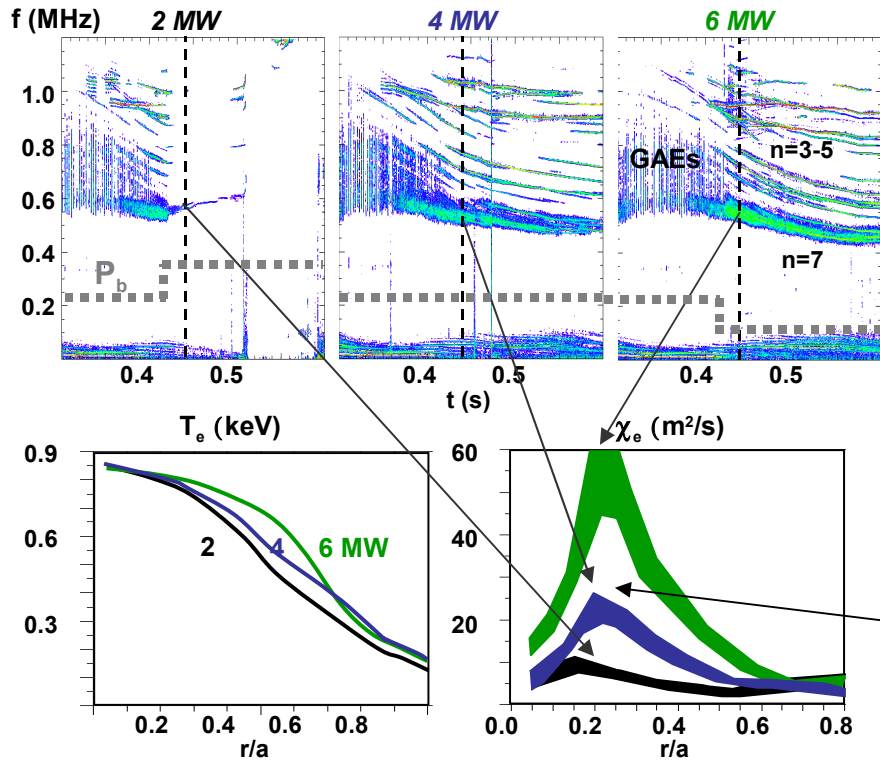
On the Energetic Particle Experimental Goals for 2009 run

N.N. Gorelenkov
for SFG meeting

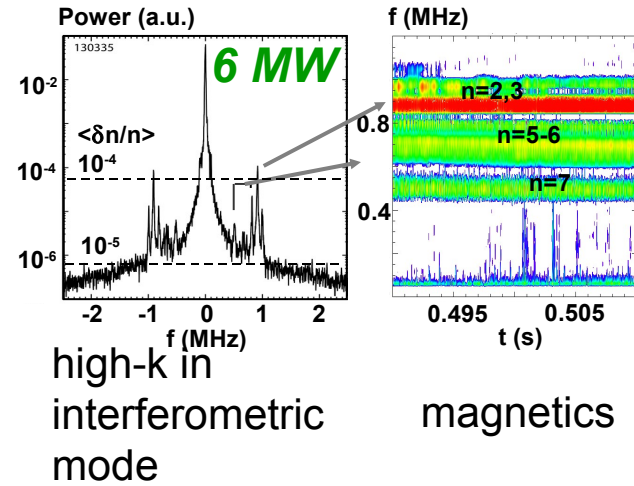
Important mile(other)stones for EP experiments in 2009 run

- Build upon previous campaigns great results:
 - BAAE, RSAEs, GAE/CAEs, fishbones, angelfish, Avalanches, ...
 - FIDA, reflectometers, NPA, ssNPA, SFLIP, ...
- General objective: role of EP instabilities on EP transport and confinement.
- This year milestone:
 - Study how $j(r)$ is modified by super-Alfvenic ion driven modes (milestone R09-2)
- ITPA joint tasks/experiments:
 - MDC-10 Measurement of damping rate of intermediate toroidal mode n AEs
 - MDC-11 FI losses and redistribution from ?localized AEs
 - MDC-6 Comparison of sawtooth control methods for neoclassical tearing mode suppression
 - SSO-2.2 MHD in hybrid scenarios and effects on q-profile
 - SSO-6 Ability to obtain and predict off-axis NBCD
- Recent ITPA tasks/benchmark efforts
 - damping rates, single/multiple mode saturation, validation need mode structure documentation
- Support for GKM/M3D development
 - FI redistribution

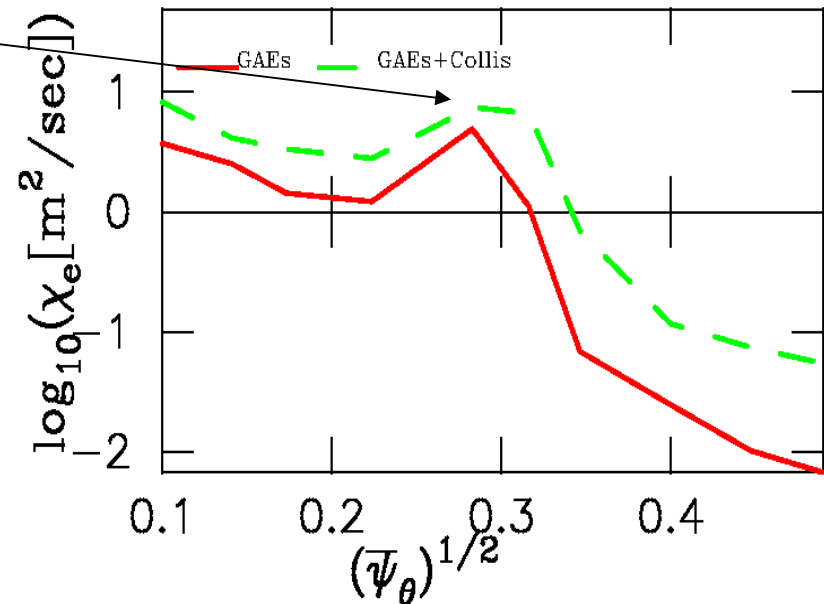
GAE/electron transport correlation observed using P_b steps



E. Mazzucato



N. Gorelenkov

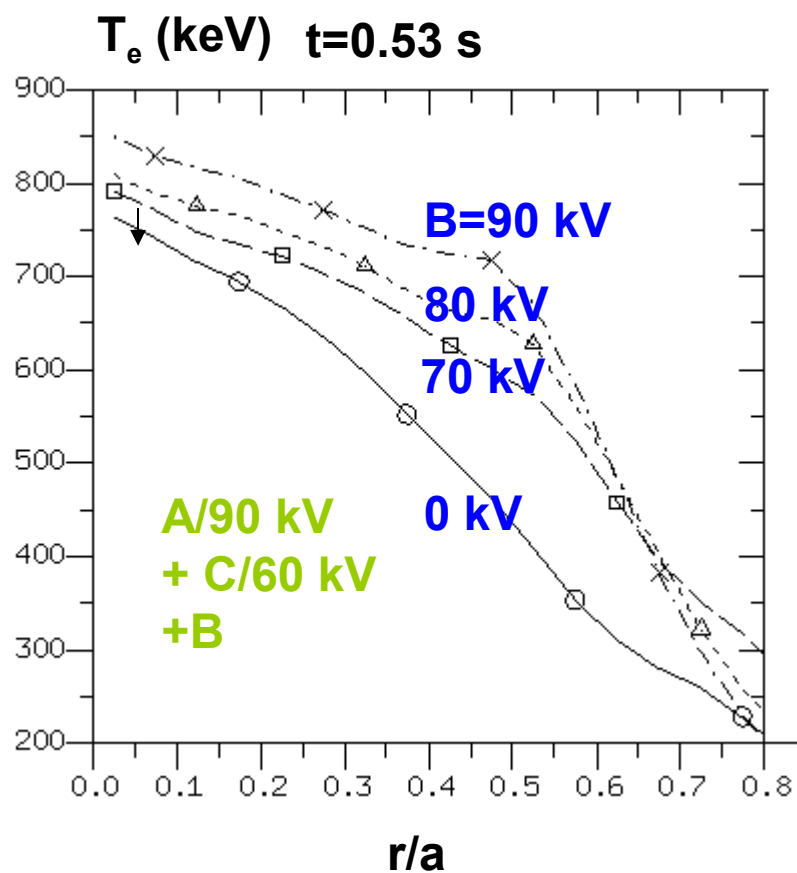


- P_b steps at fixed $q(r)$, n_e , ω_{ExB}
- GAE $\langle \delta n \rangle / \langle n \rangle \leq 1.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ at 6 MW
- Theory predicts χ_e peak at $r/a \sim 0.25$

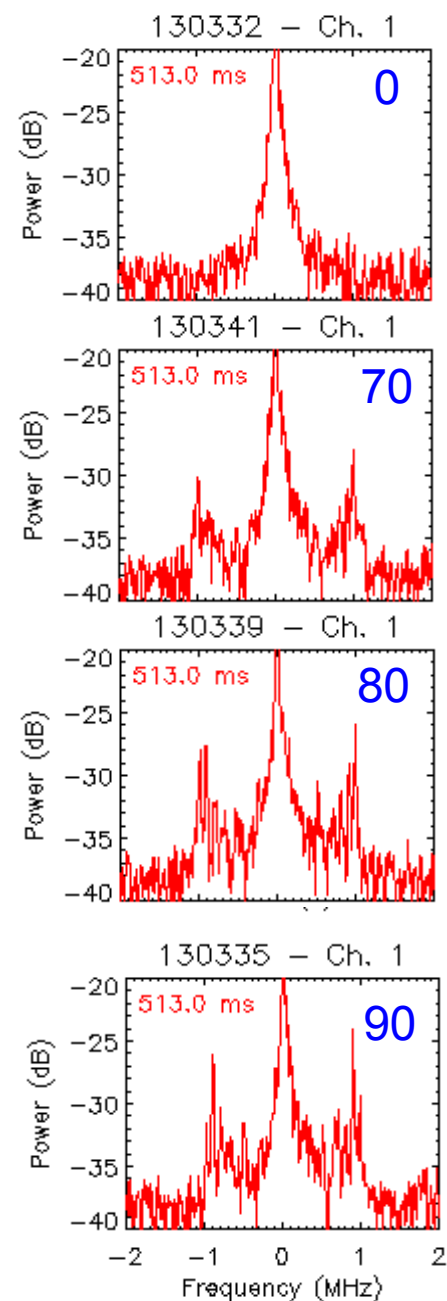
GAE/CAE studies

- CAE/GAEs are important for thermal ion/electrons stochastic/resonant heating
- What should we study
 - mode structure
 - present ORBIT/NOVA modeling relies on it, too many “free” parameters
 - polarization
 - often GAEs and CAEs are seen together, similar frequencies
 - Instability drive, saturation
 - ORBIT/NOVA can not predict mode amplitudes
 - HYM need validation
 - FIRETIP
 - HHFW effects on AE excitation/control

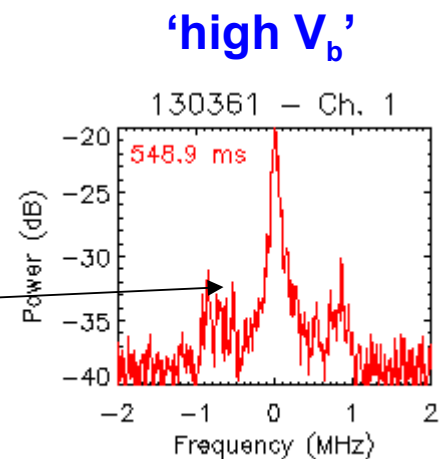
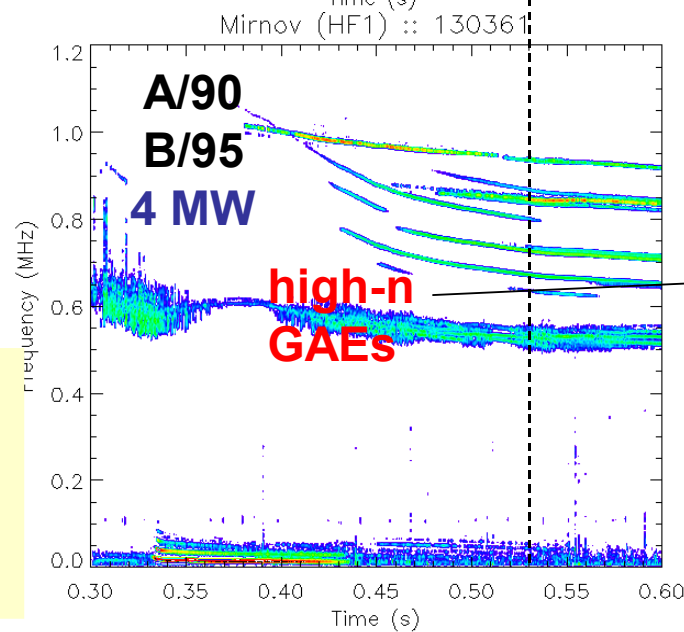
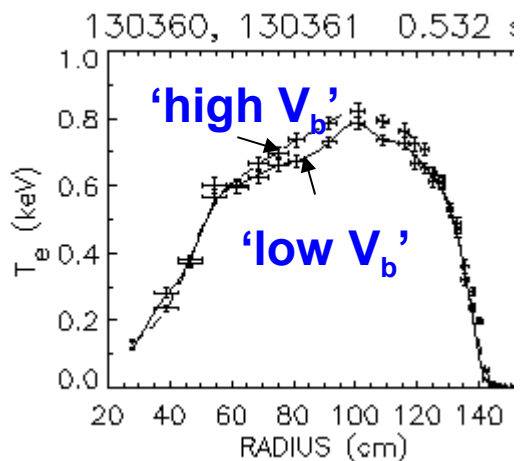
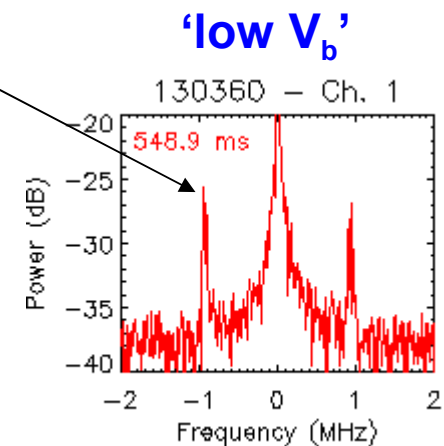
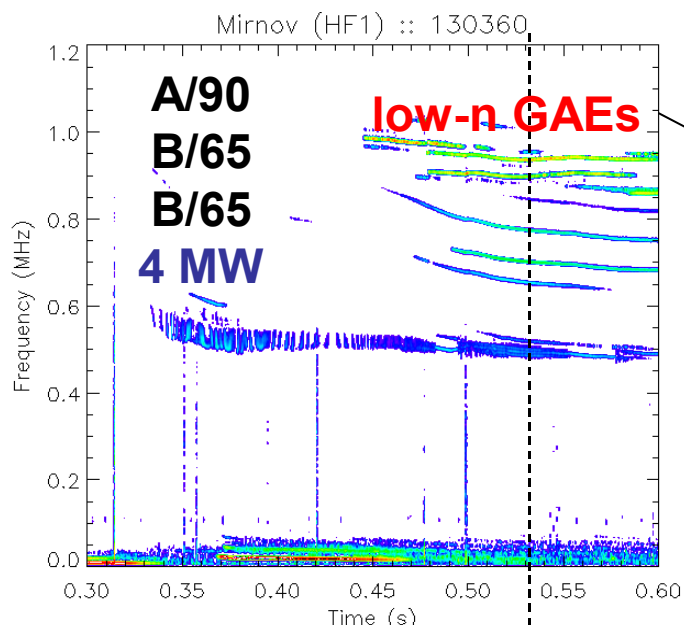
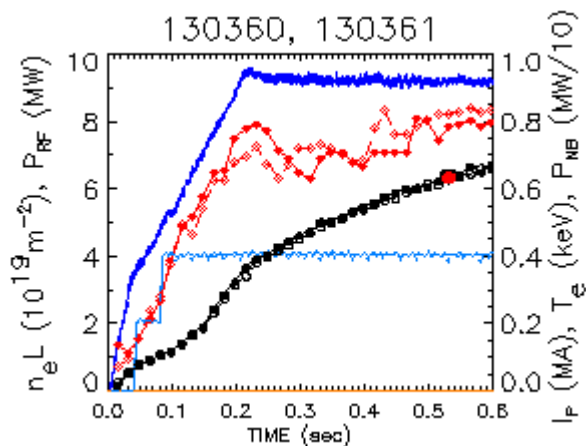
Correlation with T_e flattening, χ_e change seen also in V_b scan



- H-mode V_b scan at fixed $q(r)$, n_e , ω_{ExB}

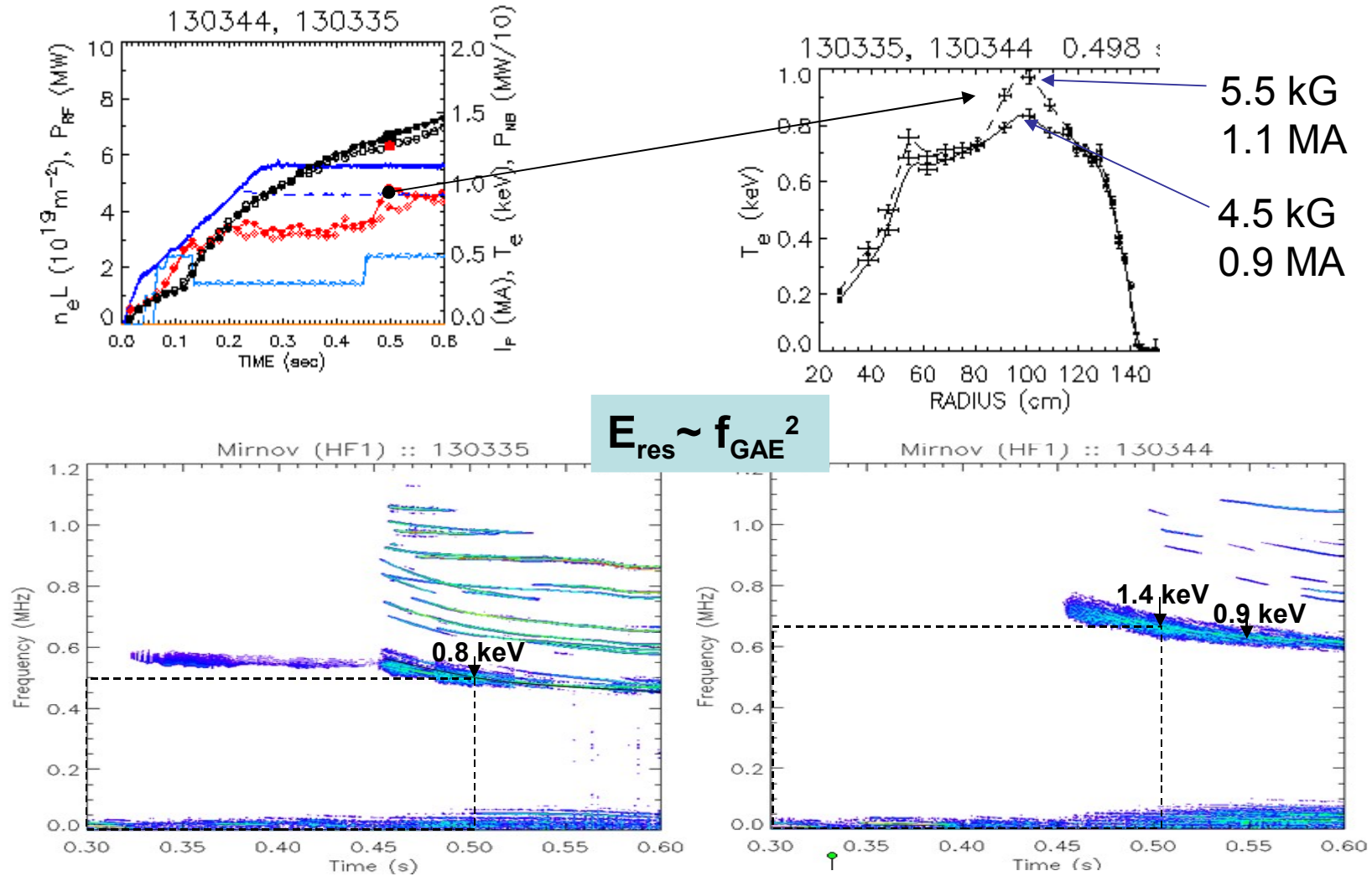


Plasmas with equal P_b at different V_b



- Low V_b shots have stronger low-n GAEs (broader modes) and higher central transport

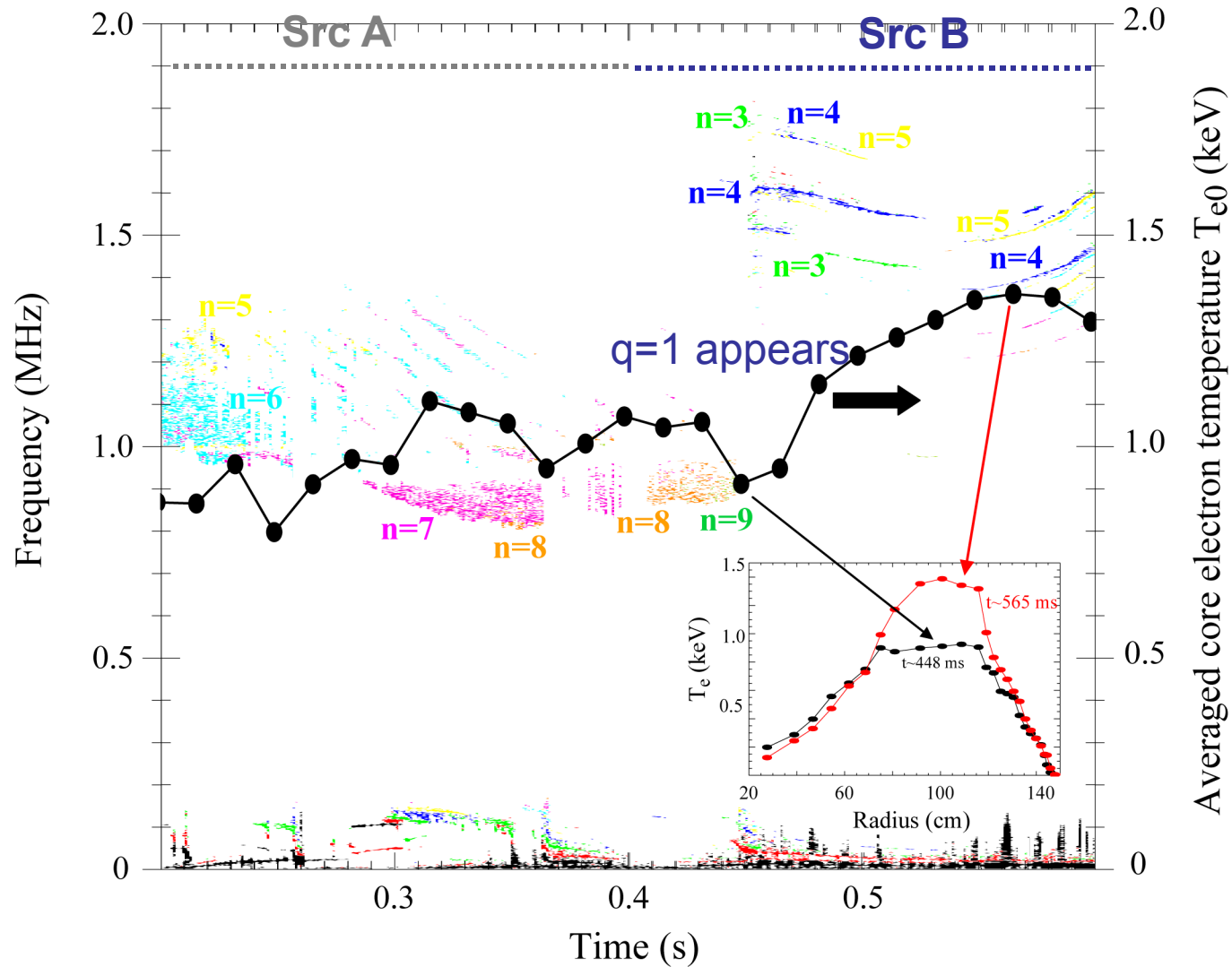
Higher GAE frequency at high B_t allows transient T_e peaking?



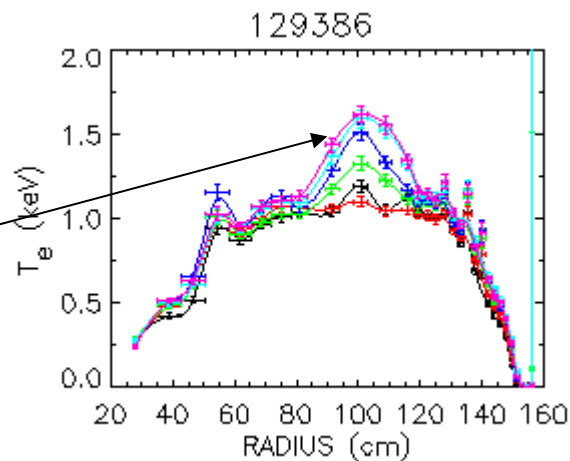
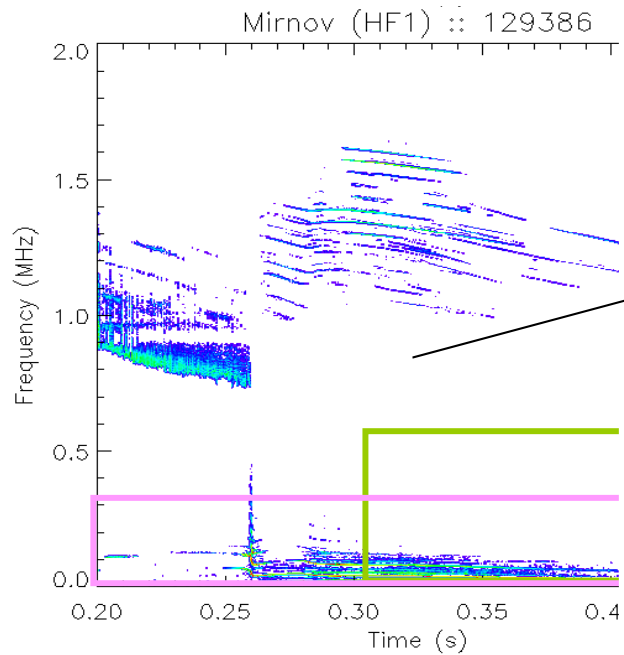
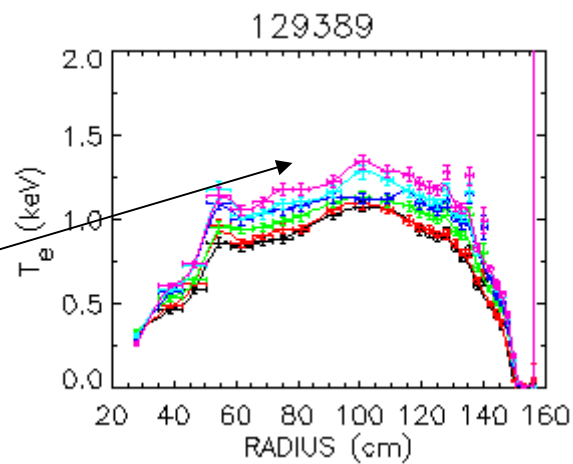
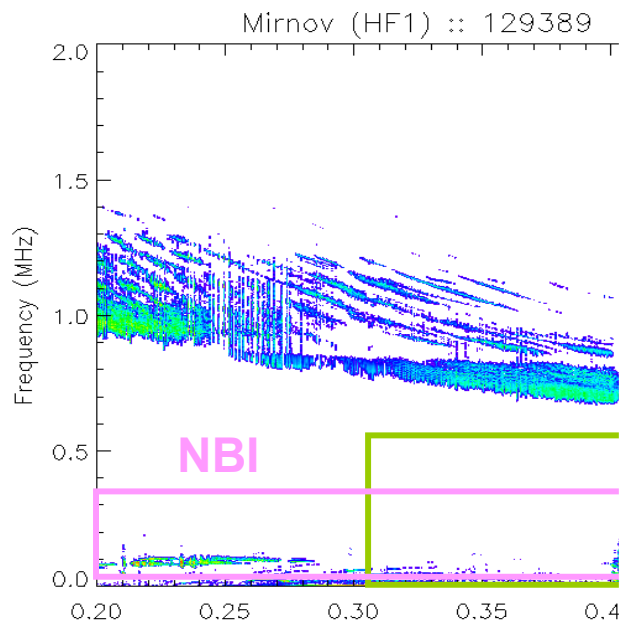
- Broad band of higher frequency GAEs at high field
- Resonance with higher energy electrons might allow transient T_e peaking

Central T_e spontaneously peaks when GAEs decrease

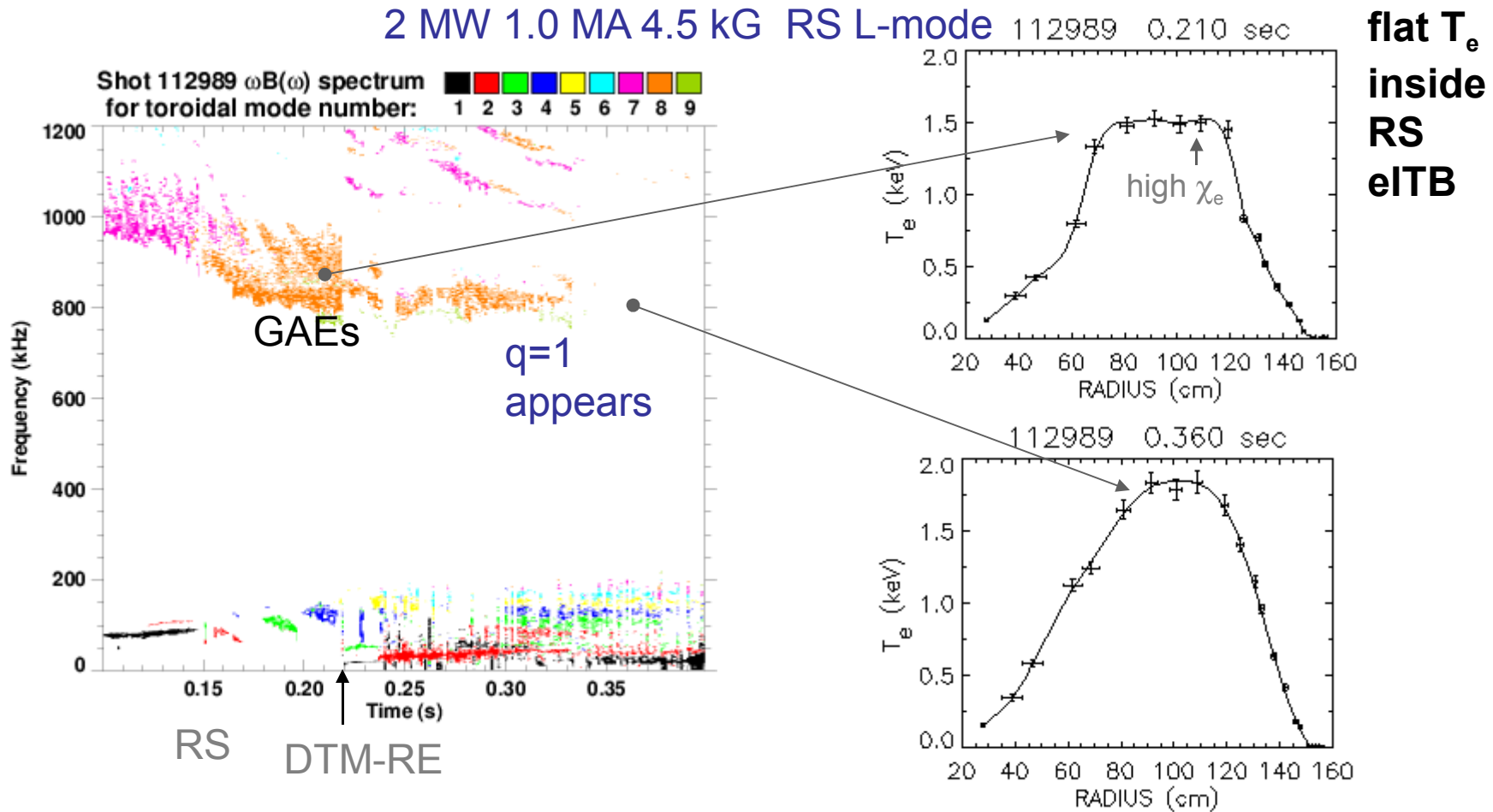
2 MW
1.1 MA
5.5 kG
H-mode



RF increases central T_e in NBI plasma only when no GAEs



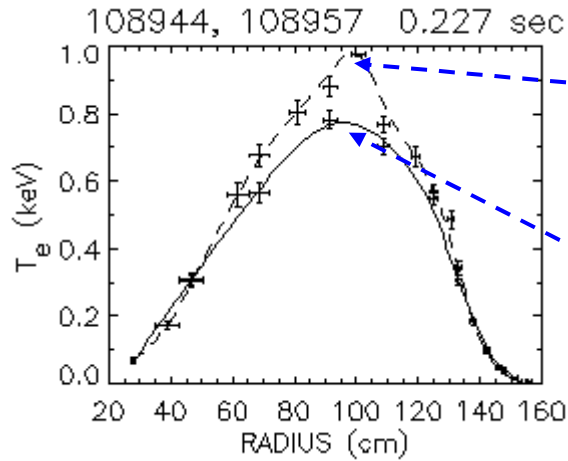
L-mode observations: GAEs and transport also correlate



Possible explanation of 'hybrid-like' discharges in NSTX?

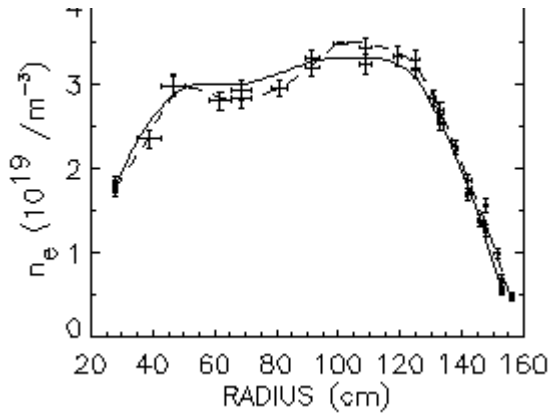
Very similar L-modes without GAEs have higher central T_e

1 MA, 4.5 kG L-modes (2002)

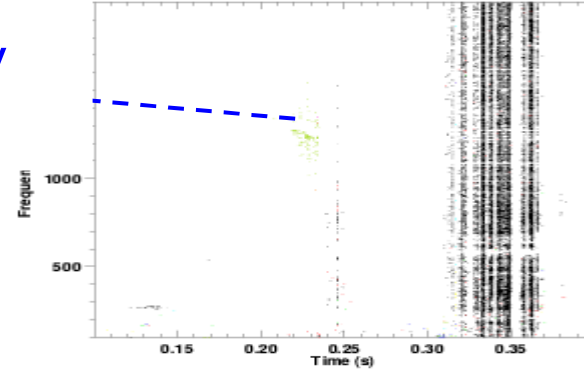


A+B+C 60 kV
2.4 MW

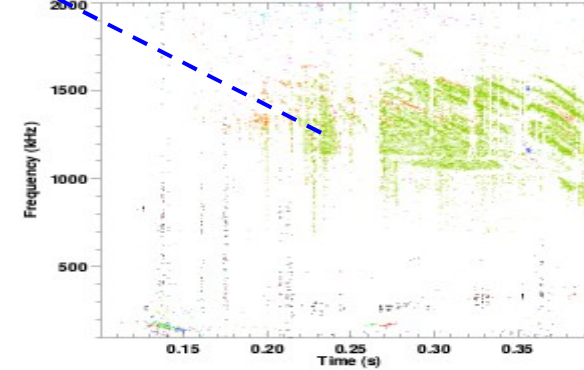
A 100 kV
2.2 MW



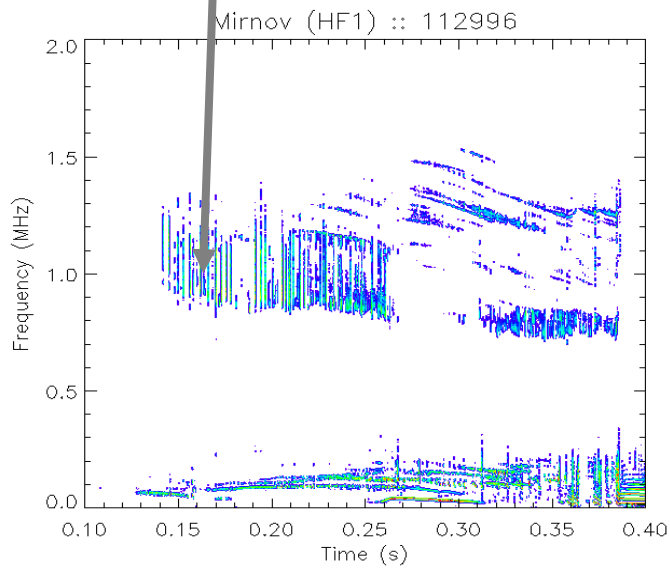
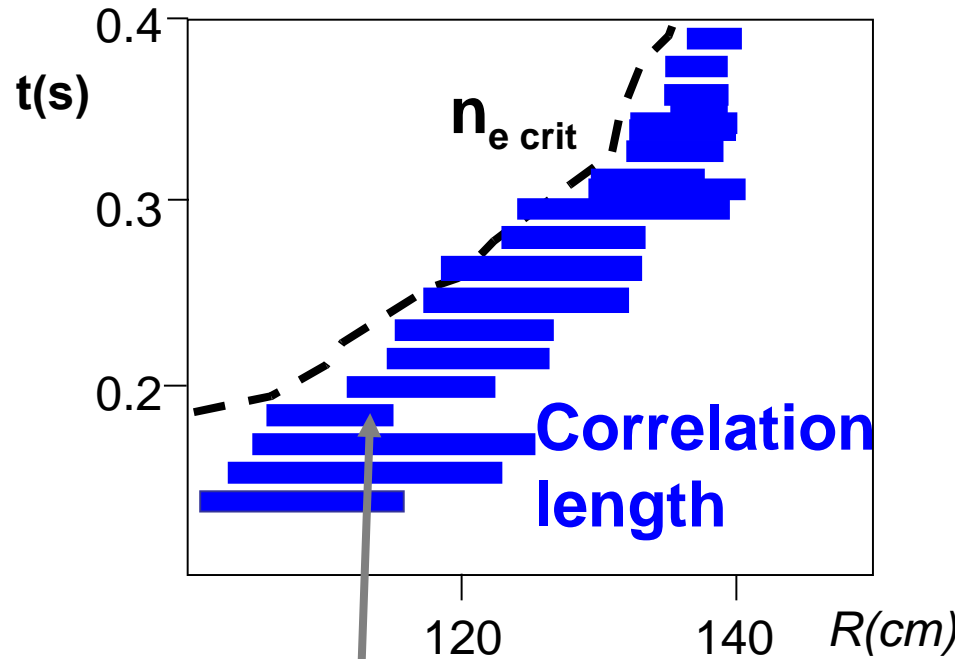
Shot 108957 $\omega B(\omega)$ spectrum
for toroidal mode number: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



Shot 108944 $\omega B(\omega)$ spectrum
for toroidal mode number: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

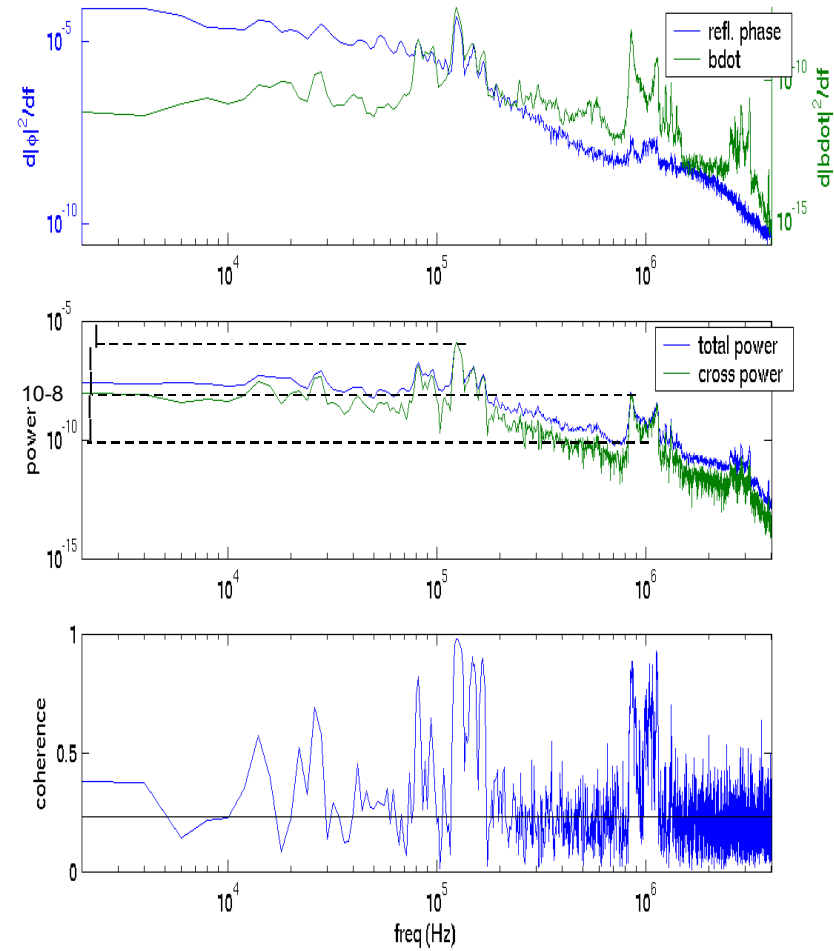


GAE correlation length, amplitude from L-mode reflectometry



S. Kubota '04

cross-spectral analysis of IBDOT_L1DMIVVHN3_RAW and 42GHz refl.; shot: 112996; tm = 250 msec
5 msec of data, 0.5 msec window, 0.25 msec overlap



See also N. Crocker's 2008 Review results