PPPL Summer Internship Project Report (Interim):

Re-optimization of Deposition Parameters of Silicon-nitride Films Prepared by Plasma-Enhanced-Chemical-Vapor-Deposition Process

Introduction

Silicon-nitride films are important in the fabrication of semiconductor microelectronic devices as an inter-level dielectric and for the final passivation of integrated circuits because of their excellent barrier property to moisture, metal ions and oxygen. A low-temperature ($300 \ ^\circ\text{C} - 400 \ ^\circ\text{C}$) deposition process of silicon-nitride is required in order to be compatible with low-melting-point metals such as aluminum. For such applications, Plasma-Enhanced-Chemical-Vapor-Deposition (PECVD) is the deposition method of choice as nitride films can be deposited at temperatures below 400 \ ^\circ\text{C}.

The silicon-nitride films that result from PECVD tend to be non-stoichiometric and they have a substantial hydrogen concentration. The physical properties of the SiN_x : H are largely determined by the stoichiometry (Si/N ratio), the hydrogen content in the film, and whether the hydrogen is predominantly bonded to the Si or the N, all of which may vary widely with the gas mixture and deposition conditions used. A slightly nitrogen-rich SiN_x gives better thin-film-transistor (TFT) characteristics and is more stable than the silicon-rich SiN_x . It is also reported that film density decreases and the dissolution rate in buffered HF increases as hydrogen content increases. Therefore, the films are preferably nitrogen-rich with a Si/N ratio ideally of 3/4, low hydrogen content, and the larger fraction of the hydrogen bound in N-H groups.

A PECVD system, Plasma-Therm / 790, is installed in the POEM Micro/Nanofabrication Facility (the "Clean Room"). The system recently was upgraded. In consequence the parameters for the deposition of best-quality films of silicon nitride have changed. Gas flow rates, gas pressure, RF power and substrate temperature will need to be re-optimized. This is to be done by running series of depositions coupled with film evaluation.

Deposition Recipes

Original Recipe

The original recipe, which was optimized for the system before the upgrade, is saved in the file FSiN900.prc on the PECVD computer. During the deposition, the ratio of the gas-flow rate, N_2 : SiH₄ : NH₃, is 150 : 120 : 2 sccm. The substrate temperature is 250 °C, pressure is 900 mTorr, and the RF power is 20 W. See appendix A.

New Recipe Series

New recipes are modified from the old recipe by varying one parameter at a time, while keeping everything else the same. The pressure, RF power and N₂ and NH₃ gas-flow rates

will be varied individually in 4 series; the substrate temperature and SiH₄-flow rate will be fixed at 250 °C and 110 Sccm, respectively.

1.	Tressure seri	C 5.				
Recipes	Pressure (mTor	Power (Watt	N2 (Sccm)	SiH4 (Sccm	NH3 (Sccm)	deposition time (min)
FSIN900	900	20	150	110	2	
FSIN700	700	20	150	110	2	60
FSIN500	500	20	150	100	2	60
FSIN300	300	20	150	100	2	120

i. Pressure series:

ii. Power series

Recipes	Pressure (mTor	Power (Watt)	N2 (Sccm)	SiH4 (Sccm	NH3 (Sccm)	deposition time (min)
FSIN900	90	<u>)</u> 20	<u> </u>) 110	2	60
FSIN30W	70	30	150) 110) 2	100
FSIN10W	70	10	150) 100) 2	130
FSIN5W	70	5 5	150	100) 2	120

iii. N₂ flow series

	=					
Recipes	Pressure (mTor	Power (Watt)	N2 (Sccm)	SiH4 (Sccm	NH3 (Sccm)	deposition time (min)
FSIN900) 900	ý <u>2</u> 0	15) 110	2	
FSINN200	700	20	200) 110) 2	120
FSINN100	700	20	100	100) 2	110
FSINN50	700	20	50	100) 2	120

iv. NH₃ flow series

Recipes	Pressure (mTori	Power (Watt)	N2 (Sccm)	SiH4 (Sccm	NH3 (Sccm)	deposition time (min)
FSIN900) 900	ý <u>2</u> 0	150) 110	<u>2</u>	, í 6Ó
FSINNHO	700	20	150) 110	0	60
FSINNH2	700	20	150) 110) 2	60
FSINNH5	700) 20	150) 100) 5	60

Film Evaluations

Silicon-nitride films of each recipe are deposited on silicon, glass slides and chromiumcoated glass slides. The methods we use for film characterization include: inspection of the color of the films deposited on the glass slides, analysis of etch-rate in buffered-HF, and ellipsometry to determine the refractive index.

a. Color inspection

The color of the films deposited on the glass slides is a rough indication of the Si/N ratio, since the silicon content affects the refractive index and hence the color of the film. The higher the silicon content, the more yellowish and less transparent the film looks. This is a quick qualitative way of assessing the Si/N ratio, although the exact proportion has to be determined from the ellipsometry experiments.

b. Etch-rate analysis

The etch-rate of the films in buffered-HF is related to film density and the hydrogen content. This analysis is performed on the films deposited on the chromium-coated glass slides, because chromium protects the glass substrate being dissolved in HF.

Each chromium-coated glass slide is cut into small pieces, after the deposition. Four or five lines of photoresist are painted on each piece. These pieces are submerged in 1:6 buffered-HF for different durations. The surface profiles of the pieces are then analyzed with the surface-profiler, after stripping off the photoresist. The step-height of the lines and their time-dependence are included in Appendix B.

c. Ellipsometry To be done...

d. Electrical properties anaylisis

This is a last resort, due to its complexity. We may not need to do this, depending on the results of other methods.

Results

Pressure series:

-	Color inspection:	transpa	arent			yellow
-	Pressure: Etch rate	300 2099	500 1754	700 1650	900 1570	mTorr Ang/min
		fast etc	ch			slow etch
Do	wer series.					
-	Color inspection:	transpa	arent			yellow
- - -	Color inspection: RF power: Etch rate	<u>transpa</u> 5 2147	10 2310	20 1876	30 1794	yellow Watt Ang/min

N₂-flow series:

(samples ready, analysis to be done)

NH₃-flow series: (samples need to be prepared and analysis needs to be done)

Conclusion

Appendix A Original Recipe

FSiN900.prc

1.	Initial:	Hold time 5 min		
2.	Ar flow:	30 sec, 500 mTorr,	0 Watt,	Ar 50 sccm
3.	Ar plasma:	3 min, 500 mTorr,	10 Watt,	Ar 50 sccm
4.	N ₂ preflow:	30 sec, 500 mTorr,	0 Watt,	N ₂ 200 sccm
5.	Preflow gases:	30 sec, 900 mTorr,	0 Watt,	N ₂ : SiH ₄ : NH ₃ =150:120:2
6.	deposit SiNx:	60 min, 900 mTorr,	20 Watt,	N ₂ : SiH ₄ : NH ₃ =150:120:2
7.	N ₂ chamber purge	e: 60 min, 900 mTorr, () Watt $N_2 200$	
8.	End			

Appendix BEtch-rate Analysis (Incomplete yet)Step-height of the lines and their time-dependence (etch-rate)

The step-heights are measured in ang and time in min. The unit for etch-rate is ang/min.

FSIN900										
number	line 1	lin	e2	lin	e3	lin	e4	time		average
0	106	70	1074	0	1075	0	1072	0	6	1072
А	910	70	914	3	900	1	886	4	5	9028.7
В	96	59	972	0	970	7	983	4	5.5	973
С	758	30	758	2	766	5	774	7	4	7643.
D	703	39	708	6	690	1	698	1	3.5	7001.7
Е	492	25	497	0	500	3	495	6	2.5	4963.
F	85	14	851	7	863	0	888	5	4.5	8636.

Etch Rate FSIN900 (original) y = 1570.6x + 1289.8 $R^2 = 0.9832$ ang min

FSIN/00

number	line1	line2	line3	line4	time	average
0	13100	12920	13020	13060	7	13025
A	12340	12300	12220	11920	6.5	12195
В	10440	10460	10560	10630	5.5	10523
С	9357	9194	9546	9576	4.5	9418
D	7740	7859	7836	7916	3.5	7838
E	5090	5398	5385	5285	2.5	5290





FSIN300

number	line1	line2		line3		line4		min		average
0	969	8	979	0	975	1	982	5	4.15	9766
А	902	8	899	5	904	0	906	7	3.83	9033
В	740	4	727	8	729	8	733	3	3.00	7328
С	601	4	607	3	602	1	581	4	2.50	5981
D	547	7	534	4	531	4	514	0	2.00	5319
Е	401	2			414	8	410	5	1.50	4088
F	796	6	814	7	823	0	813	1	3.42	8119



FS	IN30W													
nu	mber	line1		line2		line	3		line	4	time		avera	ge
0		1	573	0 '	1567	0	15	57	0	1521	0	7.42	15	<u>554</u>
А		1	447	0	1440	0	14	29	0	1422	0	7	14	134
В		1	259	0 1	1249	0	12	63	0	1264	0	6	12	258
С		1	105	0 '	1087	0	10	89	0	1077	0	5	10)89
D			<u>870</u>	5	868	9	87	70	5	886	8	4	8	74
Е			718	7	721	6	73	39	0	740	9	3	7	30
												0		(
	11 10 8 aug 6 2	2000 2000 3000 5000 4000					•	R	2 =	0.997	4			
	2	2000 0									I			
			0		2			r	4 nin		6	1		8

number	line1	line2	line3	line4	time	average
A	7748	7421	7472	7495	3	7534
В	6315	6242	6234	6227	2.5	6254.5
С	5316	5391	5431	5450	2	5397
D	4116	4124	4038	3923	1.5	4050.25
E	8139	8130	8134	8207	3.33	8152.5
F	2759	2740	2680	2760	1	2734.75
0	9143	9149	9195	9226	3.5	9178.25



number	line1	line2	line3	line4	time	average	
0	5680	5690	5689	5653	2.5	5678	
A	4547	4520	4466	4452	2	4496	
В	3753	3773	3774	3801	1.67	3775	
С	3036	3041	3018	3040	1.33	3034	
D	2333	2307	2315	2263	1	2305	
E	1646	1646	1661	1678	0.67	1658	

