

Jan 2002 #3 (SM)

$N \gg 1$ oscillators at ω , M quanta

$$W(M) = \frac{(M+N-1)!}{M! (N-1)!}$$

$$M! (N-1)!$$

a) $E = \frac{1}{2} N \hbar \omega + M \hbar \omega \rightarrow \bar{E} = M \hbar \omega$ ignoring O-point energy

$$S = k \ln W = k \left[\ln(M+N-1)! - \ln M! - \ln(N-1)! \right]$$

$$S \approx k \left[(M+N-1) \ln(M+N-1) - (M+N-1) - M \ln M + M - (N-1) \ln(N-1) + N-1 \right]$$

$$S = k \left[(M+N-1) \ln(M+N-1) - M \ln M - (N-1) \ln(N-1) \right]$$

b. equilibrium with heat reservoir at temp T

→ The Helmholtz free energy $F = \bar{E} - TS$ is minimized

$$F = M \hbar \omega - kT \left[(M+N-1) \ln(M+N-1) - M \ln M - (N-1) \ln(N-1) \right]$$

Number of quanta M varies to minimize F

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial M} = \hbar \omega - kT \left[\ln(M+N-1) + 1 - \ln M - 1 \right] = 0$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{M+N-1}{M} \right) = \frac{\hbar \omega}{kT} \quad \frac{M+N-1 - e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}}}{M}$$

$$M \left(e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} - 1 \right) = N-1 \approx N$$

$$\langle M \rangle = \frac{N}{e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} - 1}$$

$$n(T) = \frac{\langle M \rangle}{N} = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} - 1}$$

$$C_v = \frac{\partial \bar{E}}{\partial T}$$

$$\bar{E} = M \hbar \omega = N \hbar \omega \cdot \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} - 1}$$

$$C_v = N \hbar \omega \cdot (-1) \cdot e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} \cdot \frac{\hbar \omega}{k} \cdot \frac{(-1)}{(-1)^2}$$

$$C_v = N k \left(\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT} \right)^2 \frac{e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}}}{(e^{\frac{\hbar \omega}{kT}} - 1)^2}$$

$$d. \langle S \rangle = S|_{M=c_m}$$

$$\frac{d\langle S \rangle}{dE} = \frac{d^{c_m} d\langle S \rangle}{dE d^{c_m}} = \frac{1}{\hbar\omega} \frac{d\langle S \rangle}{dE^{c_m}} =$$

$$\frac{k}{\hbar\omega} \left[\ln(c_m + N - 1) - \ln c_m \right] = \frac{k}{\hbar\omega} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{c_m + N - 1}{c_m} \right) = \frac{k}{\hbar\omega} \ln \left(e^{\frac{\hbar\omega}{kT}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{k}{\hbar\omega} \cdot \frac{\hbar\omega}{kT} = \frac{1}{T}$$

e M quanta = "balls" to divide in N oscillators = boxes, without requiring at least 1 quanta in each oscillator. N-1 partitions

M+N-1 total things which can be rearranged in any order.

Choose the location of the M quanta:

$$W = \binom{M+N-1}{M} = \frac{(M+N-1)!}{M! (N-1)!}$$