

2000 Part II Q2

Asymptotics

$$\Psi(t) = t^2 \int_0^1 dw \left(\frac{w}{1-w}\right)^{i\lambda} e^{-4i\lambda w t^2}$$

$$= t^2 \int_0^1 dw e^{i\lambda \ln \frac{w}{1-w}} e^{-4i\lambda w t^2} = t^2 \int_0^1 dw e^{\phi}$$

$$\phi = i\lambda [\ln w - \ln(1-w) - 4wt^2]$$

$$\phi' = i\lambda \left[\frac{1}{w} + \frac{1}{1-w} - 4t^2 \right]$$

$$\phi'' = i\lambda \left[-\frac{1}{w^2} + \frac{1}{(1-w)^2} \right]$$

Look for saddles: $\phi' = 0 \quad \frac{1}{w} + \frac{1}{1-w} - 4t^2 = 0$

$$(1-w) + w - 4t^2 w(1-w) = 0$$

$$1 - 4t^2 w + 4t^2 w^2 = 0$$

$$w^2 - w + \frac{1}{4t^2} = 0$$

$$w_{\pm} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}}{2}$$

$$0 < w_- < \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{for } t > 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} < w_+ < 1$$

$$\phi''|_{w_{\pm}}: i\lambda \left[\frac{-1}{\frac{1}{4}(1 + \frac{1}{t^2} \pm 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}})} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}(1 + \frac{1}{t^2} \mp 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}})} \right]$$

$$= i\lambda 4 \left[\frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{t^2} \mp 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}} - \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{t^2} \pm 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}} \right]$$

$$\phi''|_{w_{\pm}} = 4i\lambda \left[\frac{2 - \frac{1}{t^2} \pm 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} - (2 - \frac{1}{t^2} \mp 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}})}{(2 - \frac{1}{t^2})^2 - 4(1 - \frac{1}{t^2})} \right] = 4i\lambda \left[\frac{\pm 4\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}}{4 + \frac{1}{t^4} - \frac{4}{t^2} - 4 + \frac{4}{t^2}} \right]$$

$$\phi''|_{w_{\pm}} = \pm 16i\lambda t^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}$$

saddle direction: $\phi'' \Delta w^2 \sim -1 \Rightarrow \pm i \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} \Delta w^2 \sim -1$

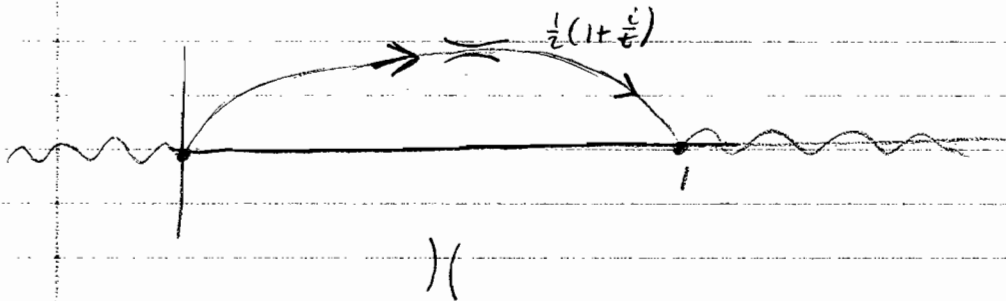
For $t \ll 1$, $\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} = i \sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2} - 1}$

$\rightarrow \pm i^2 \Delta w^2 \sim -1 \quad \pm \Delta w^2 \sim 1 \quad \text{At } w_+, \Delta w \sim \pm 1 \quad \text{At } w_-, \Delta w \sim \pm i$

$$w_{\pm} = \frac{1 \pm i \sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2} - 1}}{2} \approx \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{i}{2t} = \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm \frac{i}{t})$$

No endpoint contribution: $e^{i\lambda \ln w} = \cos(\lambda \ln w) + i \sin(\lambda \ln w)$, similarly at $1-w$

For $|w| \rightarrow 0$, the variation is so rapid that there is no net contribution



Note, $1-w_+ = w_-$

$$\phi(w_+) = i\lambda [\ln w_+ - \ln(1-w_+) - 4w_+ t^2]$$

$$\phi(w_+) = i\lambda [\ln w_+ - \ln w_-] - i\lambda 4w_+ t^2$$

$$\ln w_+ - \ln w_- = \ln|w_+| + i \text{Arg}(w_+) - \ln|w_-| - i \text{Arg}(w_-)$$

$$= i [\text{Arg}(w_+) - \text{Arg}(w_-)]$$

$$\text{But } \text{Arg}(w_-) = -\text{Arg}(w_+)$$

$$\rightarrow 2i \text{Arg}(w_+)$$

$$\text{As } t \rightarrow 0, \text{Arg}(w_+) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\ln w_+ - \ln w_- \rightarrow i\pi$$

$$\phi(w_+) \rightarrow i\lambda(i\pi) - i\lambda 4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{i}{t}\right) t^2$$

$$= -\lambda\pi - 2i\lambda(t^2 + it)$$

$$= \lambda(2t) - \lambda\pi - i2\lambda t^2$$

$$\text{saddle contribution: } t^2 e^{\phi_0} \int_{w_+ - \infty}^{w_+ + \infty} dw e^{\frac{1}{2}\phi''(w-w_+)^2} = 2t^2 e^{\phi_0} \int_{w_+}^{w_+ + \infty} dw e^{\frac{1}{2}\phi''(w-w_+)^2}$$

$$u = -\frac{\phi''(w-w_+)^2}{2} \quad du = -\phi''(w-w_+) dw \quad w-w_+ = \sqrt{\frac{2u}{-\phi''}}$$

$$du = \sqrt{-\phi''} \sqrt{2u} dw$$

$$\frac{2t^2 e^{\phi_0}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\phi_0''}} \int_0^\infty \frac{du}{\sqrt{u}} e^{-u} = t^2 \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{-\phi_0''}} e^{\phi_0} \quad \phi_0'' = -16\lambda t^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2} - 1} \approx -16\lambda t^3$$

For $t \ll 1$, $\psi \sim \frac{t^2 \sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{16\lambda t^3}} e^{2\lambda t} e^{-\lambda\pi} e^{-i2\lambda t^2}$

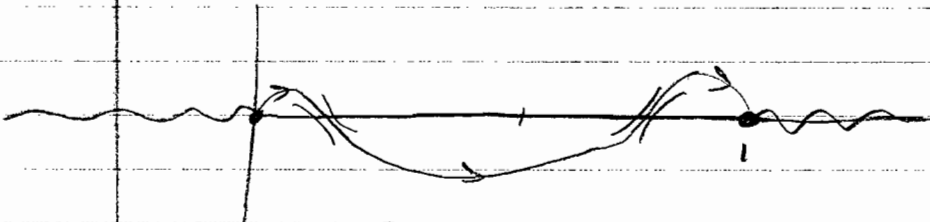
$$\psi \sim \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{8\lambda}} t^{1/2} e^{2\lambda t} e^{-\lambda\pi} e^{-i2\lambda t^2} \quad t \ll 1$$

$t \gg 1$: saddle direction: $\pm i\Delta w^2 \sim -1$

For w_+ , $\Delta w^2 \sim i$ $\Delta w \sim e^{i\pi/4}$, $e^{i5\pi/4}$

For w_- , $\Delta w^2 \sim -i$ $\Delta w \sim e^{i3\pi/4}$, $e^{i7\pi/4}$

$$w_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} \quad 1 - w_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2} \mp \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} = w_{\mp}$$



$$\phi(w_{\pm}) = i\lambda [\ln w_{\pm} - \ln(1-w_{\pm}) - 4w_{\pm}t^2]$$

$$= i\lambda [\ln w_{\pm} - \ln w_{\mp}] - 4i\lambda \left[\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}} \right] t^2$$

$$\frac{w_+}{w_-} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}}{1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{t^2}}} \approx \frac{1 + (1 - \frac{1}{2t^2})}{1 - (1 - \frac{1}{2t^2})} \quad \text{upper sign: } 4t^2$$

$$\text{lower sign: } \frac{1}{4t^2}$$

$$\phi(w_+) = i\lambda \ln(4t^2) - 4i\lambda t^2$$

$$\phi(w_-) = -i\lambda \ln(4t^2) - 2i\lambda$$

$$\phi''|_{w_{\pm}} \approx \pm 16i\lambda t^4$$

Saddle contribution: from w_- : $\int_{w_- - \infty e^{-i\pi/4}}^{w_- + \infty e^{i\pi/4}} dw e^{\frac{1}{2}\phi''(w-w_-)^2} = 2 \int_{w_-}^{w_- + \infty e^{-i\pi/4}} dw e^{\frac{1}{2}\phi''(w-w_-)^2}$

$$u = e^{i\pi/2} 8\lambda t^4 (w-w_-)^2 \quad (w-w_-) = \sqrt{\frac{u}{8\lambda t^4}} e^{-i\pi/4}$$

$$du = e^{i\pi/2} 16\lambda t^4 (w-w_-) dw \quad du = 2 \cdot e^{i\pi/4} \sqrt{8\lambda t^4} \sqrt{u} dw$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot e^{-i\pi/4} \sqrt{\pi}}{2 e^{i\pi/4} \sqrt{8\lambda t^4}} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{du e^{-u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{e^{-i\pi/4} \sqrt{\pi}}{t^2 \sqrt{8\lambda}}$$

\rightarrow from w_- , get $e^{-i\lambda \ln(4t^2) - 2i\lambda} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-i\pi/4}}{t^2 \sqrt{8\lambda}}$

$$\text{From } W_+ : 2 \int_{w_+}^{w_+ + \infty e^{i\pi/4}} dw e^{\frac{i}{2} \phi''(w-w_+)^2}$$

$$\phi''(w_+) = 16i\lambda t^4 = 16e^{i\pi/2} \lambda t^4$$

$$u = e^{-i\frac{\pi}{2}} 8\lambda t^4 (w-w_+)^2$$

$$(w-w_+) = e^{i\pi/4} \sqrt{\frac{u}{8\lambda t^4}}$$

$$du = 2 \cdot e^{-i\frac{\pi}{2}} 8\lambda t^4 (w-w_+) dw$$

$$du = 2 e^{-i\pi/4} \sqrt{8\lambda t^4} \sqrt{u} dw$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2 \cdot}{2e^{-i\pi/4} \sqrt{8\lambda t^4}} \int_0^\infty du \frac{e^{-u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{i\pi/4}}{\sqrt{8\lambda} t^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{get } e^{i\lambda \ln(4t^2)} e^{-4i\lambda t^2} \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{i\pi/4}}{\sqrt{8\lambda} t^2}$$

$$\psi \sim \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{8\lambda}} \left[e^{i\lambda \ln(4t^2)} e^{i\pi/4} e^{-4i\lambda t^2} + e^{-i\lambda \ln(4t^2)} e^{-i\pi/4} e^{-2i\lambda} \right]$$