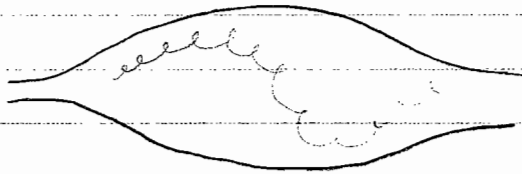


a. Mirror confinement - regions of stronger and weaker magnetic field.

$\mu = \frac{W_{\perp}}{B}$ is conserved, so $E = W_{\parallel} + \mu B$, and E is conserved. At higher B ,

W_{\parallel} must decrease \Rightarrow the particle may turn around and be reflected if B_{\max} is high enough.

Drifts: Curvature and ∇B



b. Suppose the particle has $v_{\parallel 0}$ and $v_{\perp 0}$ on the midplane.

$$\text{Then } \mu = \frac{\frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp 0}^2}{B_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel 0}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp 0}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp}^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel}^2 + \mu B \\ &= \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp 0}^2 \frac{B}{B_0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{\parallel}^2 = v_{\parallel 0}^2 - v_{\perp 0}^2 \left(\frac{B}{B_0} - 1 \right)$$

The particle is trapped if $v_{\parallel} = 0$ somewhere. Marginal trapping occurs if

$$v_{\parallel} = 0 \text{ when } B = B_{\max}$$

$$0 = v_{\parallel 0}^2 - v_{\perp 0}^2 (R - 1) \quad R = \frac{B_{\max}}{B_0}$$

$$\text{For trapping, } v_{\perp 0}^2 (R - 1) > v_{\parallel 0}^2$$

$$c. \phi(z) = \phi_0 \frac{z^2}{L^2} \quad B(z) = B_0 \left(1 + \frac{z^2}{L^2} \right)$$

$$\text{conservation of energy: } \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp}^2 + q \phi(z) = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\parallel 0}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp 0}^2 + q \phi(0)$$

$$\downarrow \mu B = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\perp 0}^2 \cdot \frac{B}{B_0}$$

$$v_{\parallel}^2 = v_{\parallel 0}^2 - v_{\perp 0}^2 \left(\frac{B}{B_0} - 1 \right) - \frac{2q}{m} \phi(z)$$

$$V_{II}^2 = V_{II0}^2 - V_{I0}^2 \frac{z^2}{L^2} - \frac{2q\phi_0}{m} \frac{z^2}{L^2}$$

Turning point z_{TP} when $V_{II} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow V_{II0}^2 = \left(V_{I0}^2 + \frac{2q\phi_0}{m} \right) \frac{z_{TP}^2}{L^2}$$

$$z_{TP}^2 = \frac{L^2 V_{II0}^2}{V_{I0}^2 + \frac{2q\phi_0}{m}}$$

d. Trapped if it has turning point before $z = z_{max}$. Marginally trapped particles

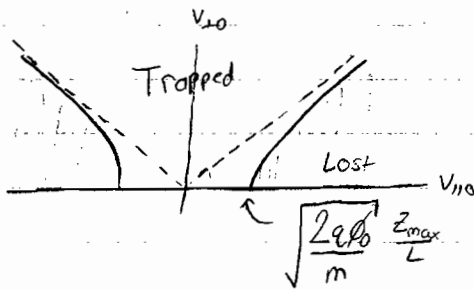
have $V_{II} = 0$ at z_{max} .

$$V_{II0}^2 - V_{I0}^2 \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2} = \frac{2q\phi_0}{m} \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2} \quad \text{Equation of hyperbola}$$

Hyperbola orientation depends on sign of $q\phi_0$

For $q\phi_0 > 0$ (ions + positive potential, or electrons + negative potential)

$$V_{II0}^2 - V_{I0}^2 \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2} = \frac{2q\phi_0}{m} \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2}$$



$$\text{For } q\phi_0 < 0, \quad V_{I0}^2 \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2} - V_{II0}^2 = \frac{2}{m} |q\phi_0| \frac{z_{max}^2}{L^2}$$

